HESA data to inform 2018-19 funding data summary: Post-collection output

Quality-related research (QR) research degree programme (RDP) supervision fund data summary method

1. The data summary method used to inform the QR RDP supervision fund allocation for 2018-19 is described below.

2. The QR RDP supervision fund data summary output is provided to assist institutions in understanding how their HESA data has been used to inform the allocation.

Method

3. We generate a data summary using the rate of funding from the 2018-19 QR RDP supervision fund allocations applied to 2016-17 weighted postgraduate research (PGR) student FTEs derived from HESA data.

Population

4. To be countable, in the 2018-19 QR RDP supervision fund data summary calculations, a student must meet all of the following conditions:
   - HEFCE-fundable in 2016-17
   - actively pursuing a PGR qualification in 2016-17
   - not on an incoming exchange year in 2016-17
   - in years 1 to 3 of full-time study, or years 1 to 6 of part-time study in 2016-17.

5. In this context, a student is considered to be inactive if they are dormant for the entirety of the academic year. A student is considered to be active if they are not inactive.

‘Eligible 2016-17 PGR FTEs’

6. We link HESA data across six years (that is, from 2016-17 back to 2011-12) for each student with a postgraduate qualification aim in the 2016-17 HESA return using the student instance and provider identifiers, HUSID x NUMHUS x UKPRN. This enables us to establish the amount of PGR FTE the student has generated at the provider over the six-year period.

7. A student in the population is eligible to be counted for a maximum of three years full-time (or the part-time equivalent), that is, 3 FTE. Therefore, if a student has generated less than 3 FTE over the five-year period prior to 2016-17 we will count their ‘2016-17 PGR FTE’ as the lower of:
   a. The remaining FTE that is available to the student before they reach their 3 FTE limit, or
   b. The amount of FTE calculated for the student from the 2016-17 HESA student record.

8. This eligible FTE is shown in the RDP16_HXXXXXXXXXX.xlsx workbook for each unit of assessment (UOA), multiple submission (where applicable) and provider involved in a concurrent collaborative arrangement (where applicable).
‘Adjusted eligible 2016-17 PGR FTEs’

9. The 'Eligible 2016-17 PGR FTEs' shown in the RDP16_HXXXXXXXX.xlsm workbook are adjusted to reflect that providers who were not eligible to submit to REF 2014 will not have a quality profile. The 'Eligible 2016-17 PGR FTEs' are therefore split only amongst providers who were eligible to submit to REF 2014. It is these adjusted FTEs that are used in the funding calculation.

Treatment of formal collaborative programmes

Concurrent supervision

10. Though we will take account of the quality profile of the other providers in calculating QR RDP supervision funding, once calculated all funding will be allocated to the reporting provider for distribution as agreed between the providers concerned.

Sequential supervision

11. We will split the associated QR RDP supervision funding across the providers, reflecting the formal handover of the student. For the provider receiving the student, we shall also link back to the HESA data of the provider handing over the student to establish the amount of PGR FTE the student has generated at both providers for this programme over the six-year period.

Calculations

12. A student’s 2016-17 PGR FTE is apportioned by UOA, multiple submission (where applicable), and any providers who concurrently supervise them. It is then multiplied by the UOA cost weight, quality score, London weight and the 2018-19 rate of funding. Where a provider who concurrently supervises students was eligible to submit to REF 2014, their quality score and London weight are used instead of those of the reporting provider for the portion of the provision they supervise.

13. There are three cost weights depending on the subject of research.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cost band</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>High-cost laboratory and clinical subjects</td>
<td>1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Intermediate-cost subjects</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Others</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A cost weight of 1.42 is used for research in UOA 4 (Psychology, Psychiatry and Neuroscience).

14. The quality score is the amount of 3* and 4* activity as a proportion of the total activity at 2* quality and above in the provider’s REF 2014 overall profile, calculated for each UOA and multiple submission.

15. London weight is 8 per cent or 12 per cent for providers in outer or inner London respectively.

16. The rate of funding per London weighted, quality weighted, cost weighted PGR FTE used for the 2018-19 QR RDP supervision fund data summary is £4,870 to the nearest whole pound.

17. Funding will be restricted to UOAs that will be eligible to receive mainstream QR research funding.
Rebuilding the data summary using the individualised file

18. The summary figures derived from HESA student data shown in the RDP16_HXXXXXXXX_xlsx workbook are listed below. We describe how to identify the records in the RDP16_HXXXXXXXX_IND.csv file that contribute to the figures and specify the values of the derived fields needed to rebuild the values.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item in workbook</th>
<th>Derived field selection in individualised file</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eligible 2016-17 PGR FTEs</td>
<td>Select provider of interest supervising activity</td>
<td>Sum values of RDPFTE / 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted eligible 2016-17 PGR FTEs</td>
<td>Select provider of interest supervising activity</td>
<td>Sum values of RDPFTEPROVADJ / 100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For further information about individualised files please visit the former HEFCE pages on The National Archives.

Derived field specifications